FISCAL SECOND QUARTER 2024 EARNINGS

MARCH 28, 2024





CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Statements in this presentation may constitute "forward-looking statements" under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. All statements, other than statements of present or historical fact, that address activities, events or developments that we expect, believe or anticipate will or may occur in the future, including statements about results of operations and financial condition, expected future results, expected benefits from our investment and strategic plans and other initiatives, and expected future growth, profitability and return on invested capital, are forward-looking statements. The words "will," "may," "believes," "anticipates," "thinks," "expects," "estimates," "plans," "intends" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Forwardlooking statements involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated by these forward-looking statements. In addition, statements which refer to expectations, projections or other characterizations of future events or circumstances, statements involving a discussion of strategy, plans or intentions, statements about management's assumptions, projections or predictions of future events or market outlook and any other statement other than a statement of present or historical fact are forward-looking statements. The inclusion of any statement in this presentation does not constitute an admission by MSC or any other person that the events or circumstances described in such statement are material. In addition, new risks may emerge from time to time and it is not possible for management to predict such risks or to assess the impact of such risks on our business or financial results. Accordingly, future results may differ materially from historical results or from those discussed or implied by these forward-looking statements. Given these risks and uncertainties, the reader should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, the following: general economic conditions in the markets in which we operate: changing customer and product mixes: volatility in commodity and energy prices, the impact of prolonged periods of low, high or rapid inflation, and fluctuations in interest rates; competition, including the adoption by competitors of aggressive pricing strategies or sales methods; industry consolidation and other changes in the industrial distribution sector; our ability to realize the expected benefits from our investment and strategic plans; our ability to realize the expected cost savings and benefits from our restructuring activities and structural cost reductions; the retention of key management personnel; the credit risk of our customers; the risk of customer cancellation or rescheduling of orders; difficulties in calibrating customer demand for our products, which could cause an inability to sell excess products ordered from manufacturers resulting in inventory write-downs or could conversely cause inventory shortages of such products; work stoppages, labor shortages or other disruptions, including those due to extreme weather conditions, at transportation centers, shipping ports, our headquarters or our customer fulfillment centers; disruptions or breaches of our information technology systems or violations of data privacy laws; our ability to attract, train and retain gualified sales and customer service personnel and metalworking and speciality sales specialists; the risk of loss of key suppliers or contractors or key brands or supply chain disruptions; changes to governmental trade or sanctions policies, including the impact from significant import restrictions or tariffs or moratoriums on economic activity with certain countries or regions; risks related to opening or expanding our customer fulfillment centers; our ability to estimate the cost of healthcare claims incurred under our selfinsurance plan; litigation risk due to the nature of our business; risks associated with the integration of acquired businesses or other strategic transactions; financial restrictions on outstanding borrowings; our ability to maintain our credit facilities or incur additional borrowings on terms we deem attractive; the failure to comply with applicable environmental, health and safety laws and regulations and other laws and regulations applicable to our business; the outcome of government or regulatory proceedings; goodwill and other indefinite-lived intangible assets recorded as a result of our acquisitions could become impaired; our common stock price may be volatile due to factors outside of our control; the significant influence that our principal shareholders will continue to have over our decisions; and our ability to realize the desired benefits from the share reclassification. Additional information concerning these and other risks is described under "Risk Factors" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our Annual and Quarterly Reports on Forms 10-K and 10-Q, respectively, and in the other reports and documents that we file with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission. We expressly disclaim any obligation to update any of these forward-looking statements, except to the extent required by applicable law.



FISCAL SECOND QUARTER 2024 HIGHLIGHTS



* Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. See appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations.

MSC

CONSISTENT GROWTH ABOVE INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION INDEX (IP) OVER THE CYCLE





* Data as of March 15, 2024 * Source: Federal Reserve

MAINTAINING MOMENTUM IN OUR HIGH TOUCH SOLUTION DRIVERS



MSC

NATIONAL ACCOUNTS

- Modest growth supported by ongoing solutions footprint expansion
- Largely offset by continued softness in heavy manufacturing and extended holiday shutdowns early in the quarter
- 45 of top 100 National Accounts showed growth during the quarter

PUBLIC SECTOR

- Stepdown in YoY growth was primarily driven by pockets of budget headwinds in local government
- Intend to offset headwinds above in the 2nd half
- Share gains continued in 2Q



IN-PLANT PROGRAM COUNT



INSTALLED VENDING MACHINES





STRENGTHENING METALWORKING LEADERSHIP POSITION THROUGH STRATEGIC M&A



KAR Industrial Inc.



Strategic M&A Criteria

MSC

Under-Served Regions

Adjacent Products

acent Tec ducts In

Technology & High-Growth Innovation End Markets

- Innovation End Markets
- ✓ **Strengthens presence in Canada** (~2% of currently) particularly across metalworking product categories
- MSC's large product breadth and E-commerce sales channel provide significant cross-selling opportunities
- ✓ Expect net neutral EPS impact in FY'24 and to achieve margin expansion for KAR Industrial Inc. in FY'25 driven by integration benefits

Intellectual Property Assets from SMRT

Under-Served Adjacent Regions Products

Technology & Innovation

High-Growth End Markets

- Significantly accelerates manufacturing research and technology efforts that will further strengthen customer operations and MSC's leadership position through world renowned cutting tool experts
- Provides a strong foundation to participate in growing customer needs around advanced machining technologies utilizing data, machine monitoring, predictive milling, and advancements in turning applications

CORE CUSTOMER REACCELERATION ON THE HORIZON



WEB PRICING REALIGNMENT

CORE CUSTOMERS

- Continued to experience softness in Q2 driven by continued softness in heavy manufacturing verticals weighing on metalworking demand
- Web price realignment and web enhancements expected to contribute to growth in 2nd half
- Digital marketing campaign to increase awareness and drive growth currently underway

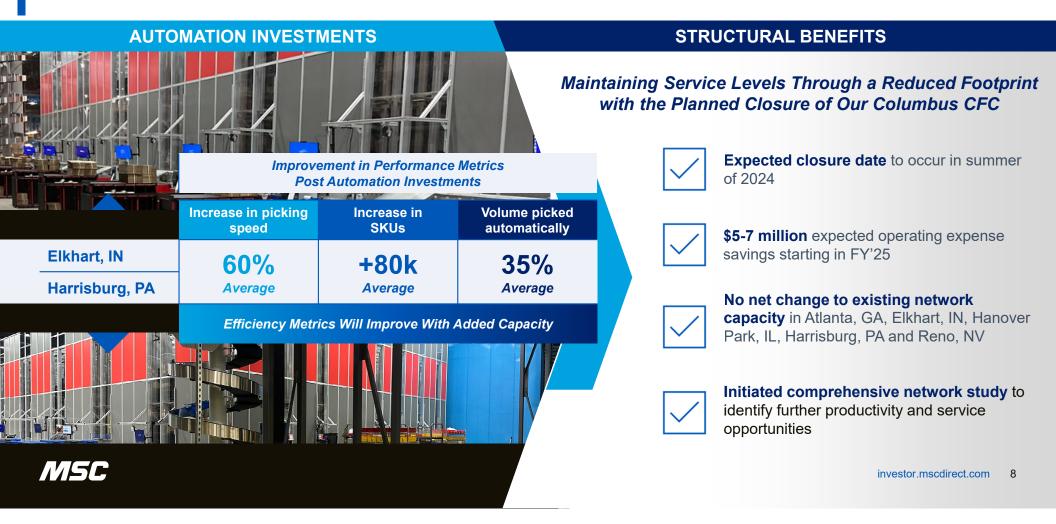
WEBSITE ENHANCEMENT

- · Web price conversion completed at the end of February
- Metrics such as conversion and search abandonment rates showing improvement from pre-launch baseline
- Platform performance improvements to optimize customer experience completed in early Q3
- Enhanced search and product discovery engine to be fully launched in 2H
- Rollout of subsequent enhancements will also begin in 2H

Experiencing Strong Improvement in Net Promoter Scores Which Bodes Well for Future Growth



SHAPING OUR NETWORK TO OPTIMIZE COST AND SERVICE



FISCAL SECOND QUARTER 2024 REPORTED AND ADJUSTED RESULTS

 Set Sales (millions)

 \$961.6
 \$935.3

 Q2 2023
 Q2 2024

- Sales decline (ADS) of 2.7% driven by volume declines, partially offset by positive price and more modest benefits from acquisitions
- National Accounts up 1%, Public Sector up 1% and Core and Other Customers down 6%
- In-Plant sales up 10%, representing 16% of total sales
- Sales through vending machines were up mid single digits, representing 17% of total sales



- Gross margin up 20 bps YoY
- Mainly driven by gross margin countermeasures and supplier rebates
- Partially offset by negative price/cost margin and modest headwinds from mix and acquisitions

Operating Profit (millions and % of sales) Reported Adjusted* \$114.3 \$91.2 \$119% \$97.8 \$22023 Q2 2024 Q2 2023 Q2 2023 Q2 2023 Q2 2024

- Reported operating profit in Q2 2024 includes \$6.2 million in restructuring costs and \$0.4 million of acquisition costs
- Reported operating profit in Q2 2023 includes \$1.8 million in restructuring costs, \$0.2 million acquisition costs, and \$0.9 million in share reclassification costs
- Operating margin performance mainly driven by lower volumes YoY as well as higher costs related to investments, payroll and payroll-related costs, and depreciation partially offset by higher gross margin

Earnings (per diluted share) Reported Adjusted* \$1.41 \$1.10 \$1.45 \$1.18 \$1.18 \$2 2023 Q2 2024 Q2 2023 Q2 2024

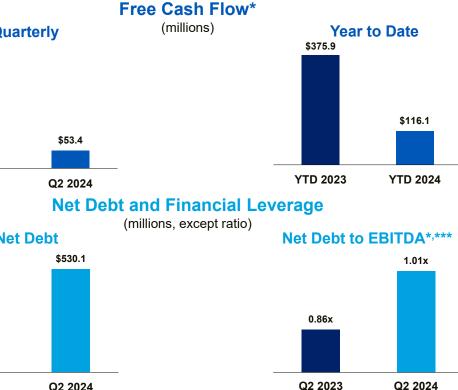
- Q2 2024 reported EPS includes \$0.09 of combined impacts from restructuring and acquisition costs
- Q2 2023 reported EPS includes \$0.03 of combined impacts from restructuring and share reclassification costs
- Higher interest and other expenses, represent an EPS headwind of \$0.04 YoY

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* Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. See appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations. Individual amounts may not agree to the total due to rounding.

FISCAL SECOND QUARTER 2024 BALANCE SHEET AND CASH FLOW





* Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. See appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations

** The Company defines Operating Cash Flow Conversion as Net cash provided by operating activities as a percentage of Net income. The Company's management uses Operating Cash Flow Conversion to evaluate the Company's operating performance, in particular how efficiently the Company turns its sales and profits into cash, and to assess the efficiency of the Company's use of working capital. The Company believes Operating Cash Flow Conversion is useful to investors for the foregoing reasons and as a measure of the rate at which the Company converts its net income reported in accordance with GAAP to cash inflows, which helps investors assess whether the Company is generating sufficient cash flow to provide an adequate return

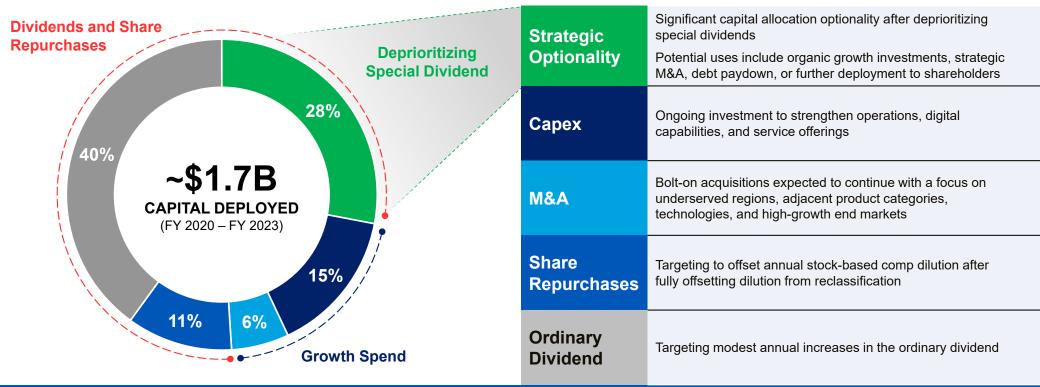
The Company defines net debt to EBITDA as Interest-bearing debt less cash and cash equivalents (net debt) divided by net income plus other expense, depreciation and amortization, and income tax expense (EBITDA). The Company's management uses net debt to EBITDA to evaluate the timeframe it would take to pay back its debt if net debt and EBITDA are held constant. The Company believes net debt to EBITDA is useful to investors for the foregoing reasons and as a measure of the rate at which the Company can cover its debts, which helps investors assess whether the Company has ability to grow its debt to support future growth initiatives.



STORE

CLEAR CAPITAL ALLOCATION PRIORITIES

Long-Term Priorities



Disciplined Focus on ROIC and Value Creation



FISCAL 2024 OUTLOOK LIKELY AT THE LOW END OF THE RANGE



- ~160 bps YoY headwind from non-repeating Public Sector small capital purchase sales
- Expect more normalized pricing benefits YoY
- Assumes improvement in industrial activity and benefits from growth initiatives supporting improvement in 2H
- Downside risk if benefits above come later than anticipated
 - Price/cost headwinds ease in 2H and category line review benefits expected to increase
- **Gross margin YoY mix benefit** related to non-repeating Public Sector small capital purchases of ~50 bps

Additional Guidance

- Depreciation and amortization expense of ~\$85M
- Interest and Other expense of \$40M-\$50M
- Capex \$120M-\$130M***
- Operating cash flow conversion
 > 125%**
- Tax rate 24.0%-24.5%

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SUMMARY

1	Average daily sales down 2.7% compared to the Industrial Production Index up 0.2% driven by extended holiday shutdowns in early Q2 and heavy manufacturing softness throughout Q2
2	Gross margin of 41.5% was up 20 bps YoY and 30 bps sequentially
3	Operating expenses as a percentage of sales up approximately 200 bps YoY on both a reported and adjusted* basis due to higher depreciation, investments, and merit related costs
4	Operating margin down 220 bps on a reported basis which includes restructuring expense and 170 bps on an adjusted* basis, due to lower than expected sales and higher operating expenses
5	Strong Cash Flow from Operating Activities down YoY as a result of the accounts receivable securitization in the comparable prior year quarter
6	GAAP and adjusted EPS* down YoY in 2Q

* Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. See appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations.

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APPENDIX



THE NEXT CHAPTER OF MISSION CRITICAL IS EXPECTED TO GENERATE FAVORABLE RESULTS ACROSS THE BUSINESS OVER THE CYCLE

Drive Innovative Solutions

End Markets

Further Penetrate Attractive

Maintaining Momentum

- Win in Metalworking
- Expand Share of Wallet Across Existing Customer Base
- Maximize Impact of Large Account Programs

New Elements to Growth

- Reenergize Core Customers Through...
 - Improved E-commerce Experience
 - **Enhance Pricing Model**
 - Increased Personalization
- Execute on Cross-Selling Opportunities with a Focus on OEM Fasteners

Optimizing Cost to Serve

- Improve Network Performance and Productivity
- · Portfolio Optimization and Product Line Review Execution
- Streamline Order-to-Cash and Procure-to-Pay Value Streams
- Strategic Working Capital Management

Performance Metrics Over the Cycle



At Least 400 bps of Market Outgrowth



Incremental Margins* of ~20%

Driving Achievable Long-Term Targets



Adjusted Operating Margin* in the **Mid-Teens**



Greater Than 20% ROIC*



* Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. See appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

To supplement MSC's unaudited selected financial data presented consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"), the Company discloses certain non-GAAP financial measures, including non-GAAP gross profit, non-GAAP operating expenses, non-GAAP income from operations, non-GAAP operating margin, non-GAAP provision for income taxes, non-GAAP net income and non-GAAP diluted earnings per share, that exclude acquisition-related costs (prior year), share reclassification costs, and restructuring and other costs and tax effects.

These non-GAAP financial measures are not presented in accordance with GAAP or an alternative for GAAP financial measures and may be different from similar non-GAAP financial measures used by other companies. The presentation of this additional information is not meant to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures and should only be used to evaluate MSC's results of operations in conjunction with the corresponding GAAP financial measures.

Financial data may also include certain forward-looking information that is not presented in accordance with GAAP. The Company believes that a quantitative reconciliation of such forward-looking information to the most directly comparable financial measure calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP cannot be made available without unreasonable efforts because a reconciliation of these non-GAAP financial measures would require the Company to predict the timing and likelihood of potential future events such as restructurings, M&A activity and other infrequent or unusual gains and losses. Neither the timing or likelihood of these events, nor their probable significance, can be quantified with a reasonable degree of accuracy. Accordingly, a reconciliation of such forward-looking information to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure is not provided.

Free Cash Flow

FCF is a non-GAAP financial measure. FCF is used in addition to and in conjunction with results presented in accordance with GAAP, and FCF should not be relied upon to the exclusion of GAAP financial measures. Management strongly encourages investors to review our financial statements and publicly-filed reports in their entirety and to not rely on any single financial measure. FCF, which we reconcile to "Net cash provided by operating activities," is cash flow from operations reduced by "Expenditures for property, plant and equipment". We believe that FCF, although similar to cash flow from operations, is a useful additional measure since capital expenditures are a necessary component of ongoing operations. Management also views FCF, as a measure of the Company's ability to reduce debt, add to cash balances, pay dividends, and repurchase stock. FCF has limitations due to the fact that it does not represent the residual cash flow available for discretionary expenditures. For example, FCF does not incorporate payments made on finance lease obligations or required debt service payments. In addition, different companies define FCF differently. Therefore, we believe it is important to view FCF as a complement to our entire consolidated statements of cash flows. A reconciliation of cash provided by operating activities to FCF for the thirteen-and twenty-six-week periods ended March 2, 2024 and March 4, 2023, respectively, is shown below.

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Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Results Excluding Restructuring and Other Costs, Acquisition-Related Costs, and Share Reclassification Costs

In calculating non-GAAP financial measures, we exclude restructuring and other costs, acquisition-related costs and share reclassification costs, and tax effects. Management makes these adjustments to facilitate a review of the Company's operating performance on a comparable basis between periods, for comparison with forecasts and strategic plans, for identifying and analyzing trends in the Company's underlying business and for benchmarking performance externally against competitors. We believe that investors benefit from seeing results from the perspective of management in addition to seeing results presented in accordance with GAAP for the same reasons and purposes for which management uses such non-GAAP financial measures.

Return on Invested Capital ("ROIC")

ROIC is calculated using a non-GAAP financial measure. We calculate ROIC by dividing non-GAAP net operating profit after tax ("NOPAT") by average invested capital, a GAAP measure. NOPAT is defined as tax effected income from operations. Average invested capital is defined as net debt plus shareholder's equity using a trailing 13-month average. We believe that ROIC is useful to investors as a measure of performance and of the effectiveness of the use of capital in our operations. We use ROIC as one measure to monitor and evaluate operating performance. This method of determining non-GAAP ROIC may differ from other companies' methods and therefore may not be comparable to those used by other companies. ROIC should be considered in addition to, rather than as a substitute for, other information provided in accordance with GAAP. The financial measure calculated under GAAP which is most directly comparable to ROIC is considered to be the ratio of Net income to Average invested capital. See below for the calculation of ROIC and the reconciliation to the comparable GAAP measure.

Net Debt to Earnings before Interest, Taxes, and Depreciation and Amortization ("EBITDA")

Net debt to EBITDA is calculated using a non-GAAP financial measure, EBITDA. The Company defines EBITDA as GAAP net income adjusted for taxes, total other expense and depreciation and amortization. Net debt, a GAAP measure, is calculated as total debt less cash and cash equivalents. The Company presents net debt to EBITDA because it more clearly represents the operating profitability of the company and is a more accurate representation of the Company's financial position and its ability to cover its net debt obligations with results from its core operations. This method of determining non-GAAP EBITDA may differ from other companies' methods and therefore may not be comparable to those used by other companies. EBITDA should be considered in addition to, rather than as a substitute for, other information provided in accordance with GAAP.



MSC INDUSTRIAL DIRECT CO., INC. Reconciliation of GAAP and Non-GAAP Financial Information Thirteen and Twenty-Six Weeks Ended March 2, 2024 and March 4, 2023 (In thousands)

GAAP	Measure	Items Affecting	g Comparability	Non-GAAP Measure				
Net cash provided by operating activities Thirteen Weeks Ended		equip	property, plant and oment eeks Ended	Free cash flow Thirteen Weeks Ended				
March 2, 2024	March 4, 2023	March 2, 2024	March 2, 2024 March 4, 2023		March 4, 2023			
\$78,743	\$340,416	\$(25,350)	\$(25,350) \$(15,067)		\$325,349			
GAAP Measure		Items Affecting	g Comparability	Non-GAAP Measure				
Net cash provided by operating activities Twenty-Six Weeks Ended		Expenditures for property, plant and equipment Twenty-Six Weeks Ended			sh flow Weeks Ended			
March 2, 2024 \$159,911	March 4, 2023 \$416,440	March 2, 2024 \$(43,783)			March 4, 2023 \$375,869			



MSC INDUSTRIAL DIRECT CO., INC. Reconciliation of GAAP and Non-GAAP Financial Information Thirteen Weeks Ended March 2, 2024 (In thousands, except percentages and per share data)

		P Financial easure		Items Affecting	Comparability		AP Financial feasure
	Total MS	SC Industrial	F	Restructuring and Other Costs	Acquisition-1 Costs	related	d Total MSC dustrial
Net Sales	\$	935,348	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 935,348
Cost of Goods Sold		546,737				_	 546,737
Gross Profit		388,611		_		_	388,611
Gross Margin		41.5 %		— %		— %	41.5 %
Operating Expenses		291,235		_		465	290,770
Operating Exp as % of Sales		31.1 %		— %		0.0 %	31.1 %
Restructuring and Other Costs		6,181		6,181		_	 —
Income from Operations		91,195		(6,181)		(465)	97,841
Operating Margin		9.7 %		0.7 %		0.0 %	10.5 %
Total Other Expense		(11,240)		-		-	(11,240)
Income before provision for income taxes		79,955	_	(6,181)		(465)	 86,601
Provision for income taxes		18,390		(1,568)		(116)	20,074
Net income		61,565		(4,613)		(349)	66,527
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest		(282)		_		—	 (282)
Net income attributable to MSC Industrial	\$	61,847	\$	(4,613)	\$	(349)	\$ 66,809
Net income per common share:							
Diluted	\$	1.10	\$	(0.08)	\$	(0.01)	\$ 1.18

*Individual amounts may not agree to the total due to rounding.

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MSC INDUSTRIAL DIRECT CO., INC. Reconciliation of GAAP and Non-GAAP Financial Information Twenty-Six Weeks Ended March 2, 2024 (In thousands, except percentages and per share data)

		GAAP Financial Measure Items Affecting Comparability					Non-GAAP Financial Measure			
	Total MSC Industria			Restructuring and Other Costs	Acquisition-related Costs		Share Reclassification Costs		Adjusted Total MSC Industrial	
Net Sales	\$	1,889,317	\$	—	\$	_	s —	\$	1,889,317	
Cost of Goods Sold		1,107,589	_		_				1,107,589	
Gross Profit		781,728		_		_	_		781,728	
Gross Margin		41.4 %		— %		— %	— %		41.4 %	
Operating Expenses		581,868		_		465	1,187		580,216	
Operating Exp as % of Sales		30.8 %		— %		0.0 %	(0.1)%		30.7 %	
Restructuring and Other Costs		7,097	_	7,097	_				_	
Income from Operations		192,763		(7,097)		(465)	(1,187)		201,512	
Operating Margin		10.2 %		0.4 %		0.0 %	0.1 %		10.7 %	
Total Other Expense		(21,490)		_		_	_		(21,490)	
Income before provision for income taxes		171,273	_	(7,097)	_	(465)	(1,187)		180,022	
Provision for income taxes		40,580		(2,744)		(180)	(288)		43,792	
Net income		130,693		(4,353)		(285)	(899)		136,230	
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest		(504)		_		_	_		(504)	
Net income attributable to MSC Industrial	\$	131,197	\$	(4,353)	\$	(285)	\$ (899)	\$	136,734	
Net income per common share:										
Diluted	\$	2.32	\$	(0.08)	\$	(0.01)	\$ (0.02)	\$	2.42	

*Individual amounts may not agree to the total due to rounding.

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MSC INDUSTRIAL DIRECT CO., INC. Reconciliation of GAAP and Non-GAAP Financial Information Thirteen Weeks Ended March 4, 2023 (In thousands, except percentages and per share data)

	GAAP Financial Measure	It	Non-GAAP Financial Measure		
	Total MSC Industrial	Restructuring and Other Costs	Acquisition-related Costs	Share Reclassification Costs	Adjusted Total MSC Industrial
Net Sales	\$ 961,632	s —	s —	s —	\$ 961,632
Cost of Goods Sold	564,937				564,937
Gross Profit	396,695	_	_	—	396,695
Gross Margin	41.3 %		» — %	— %	41.3 %
Operating Expenses	280,630	_	244	876	279,510
Operating Exp as % of Sales	29.2 %		6 0.0 %	(0.1)%	29.1 %
Restructuring and Other Costs	1,783	1,783			
Income from Operations	114,282	(1,783)	(244)	(876)	117,185
Operating Margin	11.9 %	0.2 %	6 0.0 %	0.1 %	12.2 %
Total Other Expense	(8,104)	_	_	_	(8,104)
Income before provision for income taxes	106,178	(1,783)	(244)	(876)	109,081
Provision for income taxes	26,863	(450)	(62)	(222)	27,597
Net income	79,315	(1,333)	(182)	(654)	81,484
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	175				175
Net income attributable to MSC Industrial	\$ 79,140	\$ (1,333)	\$ (182)	\$ (654)	\$ 81,309
Net income per common share:					
Diluted	\$ 1.41	\$ (0.02)	\$ 0.00	\$ (0.01)	\$ 1.45

*Individual amounts may not agree to the total due to rounding.



MSC INDUSTRIAL DIRECT CO., INC. Reconciliation of GAAP and Non-GAAP Financial Information Twenty-Six Weeks Ended March 4, 2023 (In thousands, except percentages and per share data)

	GAAP Financial Measure		Ite	ms Affecting	Comparabili	*	Non-GAAP Financial Measure
	Total MSC Industrial		turing and er Costs	Acquisitio: Cos		Share Reclassification Costs	Adjusted Total MSC Industrial
Net Sales	\$ 1,919,377	\$	—	\$	—	s —	\$ 1,919,377
Cost of Goods Sold	1,124,883						1,124,883
Gross Profit	794,494		_		_	_	794,494
Gross Margin	41.4 %	6	— %		— %	— %	41.4 %
Operating Expenses	560,325		_		398	876	559,051
Operating Exp as % of Sales	29.2 %	ó	— %		0.0 %	0.0 %	29.1 %
Restructuring and Other Costs	3,877		3,877				
Income from Operations	230,292		(3,877)		(398)	(876)	235,443
Operating Margin	12.0 %	6	0.2 %		0.0 %	0.0 %	12.3 %
Total Other Expense	(16,263)		—		—	-	(16,263)
Income before provision for income taxes	214,029		(3,877)		(398)	(876)	219,180
Provision for income taxes	53,502		(973)		(100)	(220)	54,795
Net income	160,527		(2,904)		(298)	(656)	164,385
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	73				_		73
Net income attributable to MSC Industrial	\$ 160,454	\$	(2,904)	\$	(298)	\$ (656)	\$ 164,312
Net income per common share:							
Diluted	\$ 2.86	\$	(0.05)	\$	(0.01)	\$ (0.01)	\$ 2.93

*Individual amounts may not agree to the total due to rounding.

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MSC INDUSTRIAL DIRECT CO., INC. Reconciliation of GAAP and Non-GAAP Financial Information Twelve Months Ended March 2, 2024 and September 2, 2023 (In thousands, except percentages)

	Twe	Twelve Months Ended		Twelve Months Ended	
		March 2, 2024		September 2, 2023	
(a) Net income attributable to MSC Industrial (twelve-month trailing)	\$	313,976	\$	343,233	
NOPAT					
Income from Operations (twelve-month trailing)		446,204		483,733	
Effective tax rate		24.2 %		24.8 %	
(b) Non-GAAP NOPAT		338,132		363,850	
(c) Adjusted Non-GAAP NOPAT		356,865	l	379,531 ²	
Invested Capital					
Total MSC Industrial shareholders' equity	\$	1,390,509	\$	1,479,164	
Current portion of debt including obligations under finance leases		257,829		229,935	
Long-term debt including obligations under finance leases		294,474		224,391	
Total Debt		552,303		454,326	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	22,227	\$	50,052	
Net debt		530,076		404,274	
Invested capital		1,920,585		1,883,438	
(d) Average invested capital (thirteen-month trailing average)		1,886,328		1,951,818	
(e) Adjusted average invested capital (thirteen-month trailing average)		1,888,291	·	1,953,516 2	
(a)/(d) Net income to Average invested capital		16.6 %		17.6 %	
(b)/(d) Non-GAAP ROIC		17.9 %		18.6 %	
(c)/(e) Adjusted Non-GAAP ROIC		18.9 %		19.4 %	

(1) Adjusted Non-GAAP NOPAT and invested capital excludes \$11.2 million of restructuring and other costs, \$12.7 million of share reclassification costs and \$0.5 million of acquisition-related charges, net of an associated tax benefit of \$6.0 million.

⁽²⁾ Adjusted Non-GAAP NOPAT and invested capital excludes \$7.9 million of restructuring and other costs, \$0.4 million of acquisition-related charges and \$12.4 million of share reclassification costs, net of an associated tax benefit of \$5.3 million.



MSC INDUSTRIAL DIRECT CO., INC. Reconciliation of GAAP and Non-GAAP Financial Information Twelve Months Ended March 2, 2024 and March 4, 2023 (In thousands)

	 Twelve Months Ended March 2, 2024		ve Months Ended Iarch 4, 2023
Net Debt	 		
Current portion of debt including obligations under finance leases	\$ 257,829	\$	275,758
Long-term debt including obligations under finance leases	 294,474		273,941
Total Debt	 552,303		549,699
Cash and cash equivalents	 22,227		49,615
(a) Net Debt	\$ 530,076	\$	500,084
Net Income	\$ 313,273	\$	364,598
Total Other Expense	32,804		26,217
Income tax expense	100,127		120,290
Depreciation and amortization	 77,906		72,283
(b) EBITDA	\$ 524,110	\$	583,388
(a)/(b) Net Debt to EBITDA	 1.01		0.86



THANK YOU



